### Solving 2-Step Equations - Set 1

AB-TSE 1

$$4x + 7 = 15$$
-7 -7
$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{8}{4}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$6 + 3x = 15$$

$$41 = 8x - 23$$

$$9x + 7 = 88$$

$$9 1 + 10x = 91$$

$$2x - 4 = 10$$

$$25 = 4 + 7x$$

$$5x - 12 = 18$$

$$25 = 3x - 8$$

$$16 = 12 + 4x$$

 $\frac{x}{2} - 3 = 9$ 

### **Solving 2-Step Equations - Set 2**

AB-TSE 2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \frac{x}{4} + 5 = 12 \\ & -5 & -5 \end{array}$$

$$(4)\frac{x}{4} = 7(4)$$

$$x = 28$$

$$\frac{x}{6} + 15 = 20$$

$$35 = 11 + 6x$$

$$5x + 20 = 75$$

$$8 + \frac{x}{9} = 14$$

$$11 = \frac{x}{2} - 7$$

$$4x - 11 = 5$$

$$21 = 21 + 7x$$

$$\frac{x}{12} - 9 = 1$$

### **Solving 2-Step Equations (with Groups)**

$$3(x-5) = 18$$

$$x-5 = 6$$

$$+5 +5$$

$$x = 11$$

$$\frac{x+9}{2}=5$$

$$\frac{x-15}{4}=3$$

$$32 = 8(x+1)$$

$$\frac{3+x}{7}=4$$

$$\frac{x-10}{9}=7$$

$$6(x - 11) = 42$$

9 
$$10(x+2) = 70$$

$$\frac{x+5}{4} = 14$$

### Solving "Tricky" 2-Step Equations

AB-TSE 4

**Instructions:** Some 2-Step Equations are tricky because of the location of the unknown in operations that don't commute (subtraction and division). One way to solve these equations is to do an extra initial step to re-arrange the equation so that it looks like one you already know how to solve.

$$\frac{1}{(x+5)} \frac{12}{x+5} = 2(x+5)$$

$$\frac{21}{x-4}=7$$

$$\frac{12}{2} = \frac{2(x+5)}{2}$$

$$1 = x \quad \text{or} \quad x = 1$$

$$11 = 23 - 4x$$

$$4 27 - 3x = 15$$

$$8 = \frac{24}{x - 3}$$

$$7 = \frac{77}{x+6}$$

$$41 - 2x = 9$$

$$25 = 80 - 11x$$

#### Solving 2-Step Equations (with decimals)

Instructions: Solve each equation. You can use a calculator to do the decimal arithmetic if you'd like to.

$$1.5 + 2x = 12.5$$

$$2 3.5(x + 0.2) = 7$$

$$\frac{x+6.1}{2}=3.4$$

$$\frac{x-3}{2.8} = 1.2$$

$$5 \quad 4(x-1.9) = 5.2$$

$$\frac{x}{1.1} + 3.6 = 4.3$$

$$\frac{x-2.5}{9} = 4.5$$

$$3x + 1.8 = 7.2$$

$$\frac{x}{0.4} - 2.3 = 7.2$$

$$\frac{x + 1.7}{3.1} = 6$$

### **Solving 2-Step Equations (with negative numbers)**

$$-5 + 2x = -17$$

$$-9(x-9)=27$$

$$\frac{x + (-3)}{-5} = -6$$

$$\frac{x+15}{-3}=-2$$

$$3(x-8) = -60$$

$$\frac{x}{-2} + 10 = -3$$

$$\frac{x+8}{-6} = 2$$

$$-3x - 3 = -15$$

$$\frac{x}{-9} - 1 = 9$$

$$\frac{x-12}{-7}=4$$

# Solving 2-Step Equations

1 Solve for x

$$2x + 5 = 17$$

**7** S

Solve for x

$$\frac{x}{3} - 6 = 4$$

Solve for x

$$20 = 8 + 4x$$

Solve for x

$$2(x+9)=24$$

Solve for x

$$15 = 3(x-6)$$

Solve for x

$$\frac{x+3}{5} = 4$$

Solve for x

$$5 = 9 - 2x$$

Solve for x

$$\frac{28}{x-2}=4$$

### Solving 2-Step Equations - Set 1

AB-TSE 1

$$4x + 7 = 15$$
-7 -7
$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{8}{4}$$

$$9x + 7 = 88$$

$$-7 - 7$$

$$\cancel{9x} = 81$$

$$\cancel{9}$$

$$x = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
1 + 10x &= 91 \\
-1 & & -1 \\
\hline
\frac{10x}{10} &= \frac{90}{10} \\
\hline
x &= 9
\end{array}$$

$$2x - 4 = 10$$

$$+4 + 4$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$$

$$x = 7$$

25 = 4 + 7x  
-4 -4  

$$\frac{21}{7} = \frac{x}{x}$$
3 = x or  $x = 3$ 

$$5x - 12 = 18$$

$$+12 + 12$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{30}{5}$$

$$x = 6$$

$$25 = 3x - 8 
+8 +8 +8$$

$$\frac{33}{3} = \frac{3x}{3}$$

$$11 = x \text{ or } x = 11$$

$$16 = 12 + 4x$$

$$-12 \quad -12$$

$$\frac{4}{4} = \frac{4x}{4}$$

$$1 = x \quad \text{or} \quad x = 1$$

#### Solving 2-Step Equations - Set 2

AB-TSE 2

1 
$$\frac{x}{4} + 5 = 12$$
  
 $-5$   $-5$   
 $(x) \frac{x}{x} = 7(4)$   
 $x = 28$ 

$$\frac{x}{6} + 15 = 20$$

$$-15 - 15$$

$$(x) = 5 = 5$$

$$x = 30$$

$$5x + 20 = 75$$

$$-20 - 20$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{55}{5}$$

$$x = 11$$

11 = 
$$\frac{x}{2}$$
 - 7  
+7 +7 (2)18 =  $\frac{x}{2}$  (8)  
36 = x or  $x = 36$ 

$$21 = 21 + 7x$$

$$-21 - 21$$

$$\frac{0}{7} = \frac{x}{x}$$

$$0 = x \quad \text{or} \quad x = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{2} - 3 = 9$$
+3 +3
$$(x) = 12(2)$$

$$x = 24$$

35 = 11 + 6x  
-11 -11  

$$\frac{24}{6} = \frac{6x}{8}$$

$$4 = x \text{ or } x = 4$$

$$8 + \frac{x}{9} = 14$$

$$-8$$

$$(\%) \frac{x}{\%} = 6 (9)$$

$$x = 54$$

$$4x - 11 = 5$$

$$+11 + 11$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{16}{4}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\frac{x}{12} - 9 = 1$$

$$+9 + 9$$

$$(x) \frac{x}{x} = 10(12)$$

$$x = 120$$

#### **Solving 2-Step Equations (with Groups)**

AB-TSE 3

$$\frac{3(x-5)}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$$

$$x-5 = 6$$

$$+5 + 5$$

$$x = 11$$

$$(2) \frac{x+9}{2} = 5(2)$$

$$x + 9 = 10$$

$$-9 - 9$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\frac{32}{8} = \frac{8(x+1)}{8}$$

$$4 = x + 1$$

$$-1 \qquad -1$$

$$3 = x \quad \text{or} \quad x = 3$$

$$(\%) \frac{x - 10}{9} = 7(9)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x - 10 = 63 \\ +10 & +10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x = 73 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10(x+2)}{10} = \frac{70}{10}$$

$$x + 2 = 7$$

$$-2 - 2$$

$$x = 5$$

$$\frac{5(x+6)}{5} = \frac{40}{5}$$

$$x+6 = 8$$

$$-6 -6$$

$$x = 2$$

$$(4)\frac{x-15}{4} = 3(4)$$

$$x - 15 = 12$$

$$+15 + 15$$

$$x = 27$$

8 
$$\underline{6(x-11)} = \underline{42}$$
  
 $6(x-11) = \underline{42}$   
 $x - 11 = 7$   
 $+11 + 11$   
 $x = 18$ 

$$(4) \frac{x+5}{4} = 14(4)$$

$$x + 5 = 56$$

$$-5 -5$$

$$x = 51$$

#### Solving "Tricky" 2-Step Equations

AB-TSE 4

**Instructions:** Some 2-Step Equations are tricky because of the location of the unknown in operations that don't commute (subtraction and division). One way to solve these equations is to do an extra initial step to re-arrange the equation so that it looks like one you already know how to solve.

1 
$$(x+5)\frac{12}{x+5} = 2(x+5)$$
  
 $\frac{12}{2} = \frac{2(x+5)}{2}$   
 $\frac{6}{5} = x+5$   
 $\frac{1}{5} = x + 5$ 

$$(x-4)\frac{21}{x-4} = 7(x-4)$$

$$\frac{21}{7} = \frac{x(x-4)}{x}$$

$$3 = x-4$$

$$+4 + 4$$

$$7 = x \text{ or } (x=7)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 & 11 &= 23 - 4x \\
 & +4x & & +4x \\
 & 4x + 11 &= 23 \\
 & -11 & -11 \\
 & & 4x &= 12 \\
 & & 4 & \\
 & & & x &= 3
 \end{array}$$

27 - 3x = 15  
+3x +3x  
27 = 15 + 3x  
-15 -15  

$$\frac{12}{3} = \frac{8x}{3}$$

$$4 = x \text{ or } x = 4$$

$$(x-3)8 = \frac{24}{x-3}(x-3)$$

$$\frac{8(x-3)}{8} = \frac{24}{8}$$

$$x-3 = 3$$

$$+3 +3$$

$$x = 6$$

$$(x+6)7 = \frac{77}{x+6}(x+6)$$

$$\frac{x(x+6)}{x} = \frac{77}{7}$$

$$x+6 = 11$$

$$-6 -6$$

$$x = 5$$

$$41 - 2x = 9$$

$$+2x + 2x$$

$$41 = 9 + 2x$$

$$-9 - 9$$

$$\frac{32}{2} = \frac{8x}{8} \qquad x = 16$$

#### Solving 2-Step Equations (with decimals)

**Instructions:** Solve each equation. You can use a calculator to do the decimal arithmetic if you'd like to.

1 1.5 + 2x = 12.5  
-1.5 -1.5  

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$
  
 $x = 5.5$ 

$$\frac{3.5(x + 0.2)}{3.5} = \frac{7}{3.5}$$

$$x + 0.2 = 2$$

$$-0.2 - 0.2$$

$$x = 1.8$$

$$(2)\frac{x+6.1}{2} = 3.4(2)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x+6.1 = 6.8 \\ -6.1 & -6.1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x=0.7 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x-3}{2.8} = 1.2(2.8)$$

$$x - 3 = 3.36$$

$$+3 +3$$

$$x = 6.36$$

$$4(x-1.9) = 5.2$$

$$x - 1.9 = 1.3$$

$$+1.9 + 1.9$$

$$x = 3.2$$

6 
$$\frac{x}{1.1} + 3.6 = 4.3$$
  
 $-3.6 - 3.6$   
(1.1)  $\frac{x}{1.1} = 0.7(1.1)$   
 $x = 0.77$ 

$$(x) = 4.5(9)$$

$$x - 2.5 = 40.5$$

$$+2.5 + 2.5$$

$$x = 43.0$$

$$3x + 1.8 = 7.2$$

$$-1.8 - 1.8$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{5.4}{3}$$

$$x = 1.8$$

$$\frac{x}{0.4} - 2.3 = 7.2$$

$$+2.3 + 2.3$$

$$(0.4) \frac{x}{0.4} = 9.5(0.4)$$

$$x = 3.8$$

$$(3.1)\frac{x+1.7}{3.1} = 6(3.1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 1.7 = 18.6 \\ -1.7 = -1.7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x = 16.9 \end{array}$$

#### Solving 2-Step Equations (with negative numbers)

AB-TSE 6

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
-5 + 2x &= -17 \\
+5 & +5 \\
& & \\
\underline{2x} &= -12 \\
\hline
x &= -6
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{x + (-3)}{-5} = -6(-5)$$

$$x - 3 = 30$$

$$+3 + 3$$

$$x = 33$$

$$\frac{3(x-8) = -60}{3}$$

$$x - 8 = -20$$

$$+8 + 8$$

$$x = -12$$

$$(-6)\frac{x+8}{-6} = 2(-6)$$

$$x+8 = -12$$

$$-8 = -8$$

$$x = -20$$

$$\frac{x}{-9} - 1 = 9$$
+1 +1
$$(-9) \frac{x}{-9} = 10(-9)$$

$$x = -90$$

$$\frac{-9(x-9)}{-9} = \frac{27}{-9}$$

$$x-9 = -3$$

$$+9$$

$$x = 6$$

$$(-3)\frac{x+15}{-3} = -2(-3)$$

$$x+15 = 6$$

$$-15 -15$$

$$x = -9$$

6 
$$\frac{x}{-2} + 10 = -3$$
  
 $-10 - 10$   
(-2)  $\frac{x}{-2} = -13(-2)$   
 $x = 26$ 

$$-3x - 3 = -15$$

$$+3 + 3$$

$$-3x = -12$$

$$-3 = -12$$

$$-3 = -12$$

$$-3 = -12$$

$$-3 = -12$$

$$-3 = -12$$

$$(-x) \frac{x - 12}{-x} = 4(-7)$$

$$x - 12 = -28$$

$$+12 + 12$$

$$x = -16$$

Name:

Date:

## Solving 2-Step Equations

Solve for x

$$2x + 5 = 17$$

$$-5 -5$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{12}{2}$$

$$x = 6$$

Solve for x

$$\frac{x}{3} - 6 = 4$$

$$+6 +6$$

$$(3) \frac{x}{3} = 10(3)$$

$$x = 30$$

Solve for x

$$20 = 8 + 4x$$

$$-8 - 8$$

$$\frac{12}{4} = \frac{4x}{4}$$

$$3 = x \text{ or } x = 3$$

Solve for x

$$\frac{2(x+9)}{2} = \frac{24}{2}$$

$$x+9 = 12$$

$$-9 -9$$

$$x = 3$$

Solve for x

$$\frac{15}{3} = \frac{3(x-6)}{3}$$

$$5 = x-6$$

$$+6 +6$$

$$11 = x \text{ or } (x = 11)$$

Solve for x

$$(5)$$
 $\frac{x+3}{5} = 4(5)$   
 $x + 3 = 20$   
 $-3$   $-3$   
 $x = 17$ 

7 Solve for x

$$5 = 9 - 2x$$

$$+2x + 2x$$

$$2x + 5 = 9$$

$$-5 - 5$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$x = 2$$

Solve for x

$$(x-2)\frac{28}{x-2} = 4(x-2)$$

$$\frac{28}{4} = \frac{4(x-2)}{4}$$

$$7 = x-2$$

$$+2$$

$$+2$$

$$x = 9$$