Solving 2-Step Equations - Set 1

AB-TSE 1

$$4x + 7 = 15$$

$$-7 - 7$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{8}{4}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
6 + 3x = 15 \\
-6 & -6 \\
\hline
\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{9}{3} \\
\hline
x = 3
\end{array}$$

$$9x + 7 = 88$$

$$-7 - 7$$

$$\frac{9x}{9} = \frac{81}{9}$$

$$x = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
1 + 10x &= 91 \\
-1 & & -1 \\
\hline
\frac{10x}{10} &= \frac{90}{10} \\
\hline
x &= 9
\end{array}$$

$$2x - 4 = 10$$

$$+4 + 4$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$$

$$x = 7$$

25 = 4 + 7x
-4 -4

$$\frac{21}{7} = \frac{x}{x}$$
3 = x or $x = 3$

$$5x - 12 = 18$$

$$+12 + 12$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{30}{5}$$

$$x = 6$$

$$16 = 12 + 4x$$

$$-12 \quad -12$$

$$\frac{4}{4} = \frac{4x}{4}$$

$$1 = x \quad \text{or} \quad x = 1$$

Solving 2-Step Equations - Set 2

AB-TSE 2

1
$$\frac{x}{4} + 5 = 12$$

 -5 -5
 $(x) \frac{x}{x} = 7(4)$
 $x = 28$

$$\frac{x}{6} + 15 = 20$$

$$-15 - 15$$

$$(x) = 5 = 6$$

$$x = 30$$

$$5x + 20 = 75$$

$$-20 - 20$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{55}{5}$$

$$x = 11$$

11 =
$$\frac{x}{2}$$
 - 7
+7 +7 +7
(2)18 = $\frac{x}{2}$ (8)
36 = x or $x = 36$

$$21 = 21 + 7x$$

$$-21 - 21$$

$$\frac{0}{7} = \frac{x}{x}$$

$$0 = x \text{ or } x = 0$$

$$\frac{x}{2} - 3 = 9$$
+3 +3
$$(x) = 12(2)$$

$$x = 24$$

35 = 11 + 6x
-11 -11

$$\frac{24}{6} = \frac{6x}{8}$$

$$4 = x \text{ or } x = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 8 + \frac{x}{9} = 14 \\
 -8 & -8
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (\%) \frac{x}{\%} = 6 (9) \\
 \hline
 x = 54
 \end{array}$$

$$4x - 11 = 5$$

$$+11 + 11$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{16}{4}$$

$$x = 4$$

10
$$\frac{x}{12} - 9 = 1$$

 $+9 + 9$
 $(x) = 10(12)$
 $x = 120$

Solving 2-Step Equations (with Groups)

AB-TSE 3

$$3(x-5) = 18 3 x-5 = 6 +5 +5 x = 11$$

$$(2) \frac{x+9}{2} = 5(2)$$

$$x+9 = 10$$

$$-9 -9$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\frac{32}{8} = \frac{8(x+1)}{8}$$

$$4 = x+1$$

$$-1 \qquad -1$$

$$3 = x \quad \text{or} \quad x = 3$$

$$(\%) \frac{x - 10}{9} = 7(9)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x - 10 = 63 \\ +10 & +10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x = 73 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10(x+2) = 70}{10}$$

$$x + 2 = 7$$

$$-2 - 2$$

$$x = 5$$

$$\frac{5(x+6)}{5} = \frac{40}{5}$$

$$x+6 = 8$$

$$-6 -6$$

$$x = 2$$

$$(4)\frac{x-15}{4} = 3(4)$$

$$x - 15 = 12$$

$$+15 + 15$$

$$x = 27$$

$$(X) \frac{3+x}{X} = 4(7)$$

$$3+x=28$$

$$-3$$

$$x = 25$$

8
$$\underline{6(x-11)} = \underline{42}$$

$$x - 11 = 7$$

$$+11 + 11$$

$$x = 18$$

$$(4) \frac{x+5}{4} = 14(4)$$

$$x + 5 = 56$$

$$-5 -5$$

$$x = 51$$

Solving "Tricky" 2-Step Equations

AB-TSE 4

Instructions: Some 2-Step Equations are tricky because of the location of the unknown in operations that don't commute (subtraction and division). One way to solve these equations is to do an extra initial step to re-arrange the equation so that it looks like one you already know how to solve.

1
$$(x+5)\frac{12}{x+5} = 2(x+5)$$

 $\frac{12}{2} = \frac{2(x+5)}{2}$
 $\frac{6}{5} = x+5$
 $\frac{1}{5} = x + 5$

$$(x-4)\frac{21}{x-4} = 7(x-4)$$

$$\frac{21}{7} = \frac{x(x-4)}{x}$$

$$3 = x-4$$

$$+4 +4$$

$$7 = x \text{ or } x = 7$$

3
$$11 = 23 - 4x$$

 $+4x$ $+4x$
 $4x + 11 = 23$
 -11 -11
 $\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{12}{4}$
 $x = 3$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
4 & 27 - 3x = 15 \\
& +3x & +3x
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
27 & = 15 + 3x \\
& -15 & -15
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
12 & = & 3x \\
\hline
3 & & 3
\end{array}$$

$$4 & = & x & \text{or } x = 4$$

$$(x-3)8 = \frac{24}{x-3}(x-3)$$

$$\frac{8(x-3)}{8} = \frac{24}{8}$$

$$x-3 = 3$$

$$+3 +3$$

$$x = 6$$

$$(x+6)7 = \frac{77}{x+6}(x+6)$$

$$\frac{x+6}{x+6} = \frac{77}{7}$$

$$x+6 = 11$$

$$-6 -6$$

$$x = 5$$

$$41 - 2x = 9$$

$$+2x + 2x$$

$$41 = 9 + 2x$$

$$-9 - 9$$

$$\frac{32}{2} = \frac{8x}{8} \quad x = 16$$

8
$$25 = 80 - 11x$$

 $+11x$ $+11x$
 $11x + 25 = 80$
 -25 -25
 $\frac{11x}{11} = \frac{55}{11}$ $x = 5$

Solving 2-Step Equations (with decimals)

Instructions: Solve each equation. You can use a calculator to do the decimal arithmetic if you'd like to.

1 1.5 + 2x = 12.5
-1.5 -1.5

$$\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{11}{2}$$

 $x = 5.5$

$$\frac{3.5(x + 0.2)}{3.5} = \frac{7}{3.5}$$

$$x + 0.2 = 2$$

$$-0.2 - 0.2$$

$$x = 1.8$$

$$(2)\frac{x+6.1}{2} = 3.4(2)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x+6.1 = 6.8 \\ -6.1 & -6.1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x = 0.7 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x-3}{2.8} = 1.2(2.8)$$

$$x - 3 = 3.36$$

$$+3 +3$$

$$x = 6.36$$

$$\frac{4(x-1.9)}{4} = \frac{5.2}{4}$$

$$x - 1.9 = 1.3$$

$$+1.9 + 1.9$$

$$x = 3.2$$

6
$$\frac{x}{1.1} + 3.6 = 4.3$$

 $-3.6 - 3.6$
(1.1) $\frac{x}{1.1} = 0.7(1.1)$
 $x = 0.77$

$$(\%) \frac{x - 2.5}{9} = 4.5(9)$$

$$x - 2.5 = 40.5$$

$$+2.5 + 2.5$$

$$x = 43.0$$

$$3x + 1.8 = 7.2$$

$$-1.8 - 1.8$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{5.4}{3}$$

$$x = 1.8$$

$$\frac{x}{0.4} - 2.3 = 7.2$$

$$+2.3 + 2.3$$

$$(0.4) \frac{x}{0.4} = 9.5(0.4)$$

$$x = 3.8$$

$$(3.1)\frac{x+1.7}{3.1} = 6(3.1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 1.7 = 18.6 \\ -1.7 = -1.7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x = 16.9 \end{array}$$

Solving 2-Step Equations (with negative numbers)

AB-TSE 6

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
-5 + 2x &= -17 \\
+5 & +5 \\
& & \\
\frac{2x}{2} &= -\frac{12}{2} \\
& & \\
x &= -6
\end{array}$$

$$(-5)\frac{x + (-3)}{-5} = -6(-5)$$

$$x - 3 = 30$$

$$+3 + 3$$

$$x = 33$$

$$\frac{3(x-8) = -60}{3}$$

$$x - 8 = -20$$

$$+8 + 8$$

$$x = -12$$

$$(-8)\frac{x+8}{-6} = 2(-6)$$

$$x+8 = -12$$

$$-8 = -8$$

$$x = -20$$

$$\frac{x}{-9} - 1 = 9$$
+1 +1
$$(-9) \frac{x}{-9} = 10(-9)$$

$$x = -90$$

$$\frac{-9(x-9)}{-9} = \frac{27}{-9}$$

$$x-9 = -3$$

$$+9$$

$$x = 6$$

$$(-3)\frac{x+15}{-3} = -2(-3)$$

$$x + 15 = 6$$

$$-15 - 15$$

$$x = -9$$

6
$$\frac{x}{-2} + 10 = -3$$

 $-10 - 10$
(-2) $\frac{x}{-2} = -13(-2)$
 $x = 26$

$$\begin{array}{r}
3x - 3 = -15 \\
+3 + 3 \\
-3x = -12 \\
-3 \\
\hline
x = 4
\end{array}$$

$$(-x) \frac{x - 12}{-x} = 4(-7)$$

$$x - 12 = -28$$

$$+12 + 12$$

$$x = -16$$