

## Exponent Form

A-ITE 1

**Instructions:** Rewrite each repeated multiplication in exponent form.  
(Note: You do NOT need to actually do the multiplication in these problems.)

1  $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^4$

2  $5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3  $15 \times 15 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4  $7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5  $20 \times 20 \times 20 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

6  $8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

7  $32 \times 32 \times 32 \times 32 \times 32 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

8  $4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

9  $10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

10  $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

11  $1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

12  $0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

13  $614 \times 614 \times 614 \times 614 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

14  $11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

15  $12.4 \times 12.4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

## Calculating "Squares"

A-ITE 2

**Instructions:** Use a multiplication table to find the value of each "square".

1  $5^2 = \underline{25}$

2  $4^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3  $6^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4  $9^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5  $7^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6  $1^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7  $3^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8  $8^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9  $10^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10  $11^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

11  $12^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12  $0^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

**Instructions:** Use a calculator to calculate the value of each "square".

1  $15^2 = \underline{225}$

2  $14^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3  $20^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4  $16^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5  $13^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6  $24^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7  $30^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8  $18^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9  $40^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10  $120^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

## Calculating Exponents

A-ITE 3

**Instructions:** Use a calculator to calculate the value of each exponent. (Note: Try to find a calculator that has the special exponent function ( $x^y$ ) that we mentioned in the video, but if you can't, then just use the calculator to help you repeat the multiplication.)

1  $2^5 = \underline{32}$

2  $4^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3  $4^4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4  $3^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5  $5^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6  $6^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7  $2^8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8  $7^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9  $3^5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10  $10^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

11  $8^4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12  $5^5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13  $2^{10} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14  $9^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15  $3^6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16  $12^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

17  $15^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

18  $11^4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

19  $6^5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

20  $3^{10} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

## Powers of Two

A-ITE 4

**Instructions:** Computers use a number system that has only two digits: 1 and 0. This number system is called "Binary" or "Base-2". Because this number system has only two digits, **powers of two** (which are exponents with 2 as the base) are very important in computer science. On this page, calculate the first ten powers of two.

1  $2^1 = 2 = \underline{2}$

2  $2^2 = 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3  $2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4  $2^4 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5  $2^5 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6  $2^6 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7  $2^7 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8  $2^8 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9  $2^9 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10  $2^{10} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$