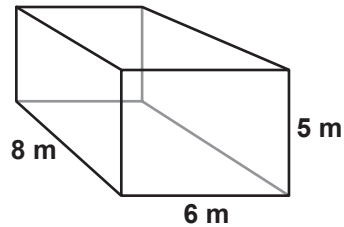


Finding the Volume of Rectangular Prisms

G-VOL 1

Instructions: Find the volume of each rectangular prism by multiplying the area of the 'base' times the length the base has been extended. (Don't forget about the units!)

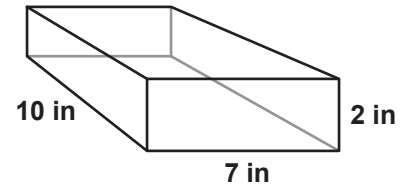
1



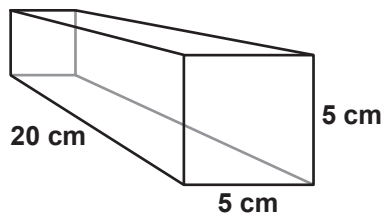
$$\text{Area of Base} = 5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 30 \text{ m}^2 \times 8 \text{ m} = 240 \text{ m}^3$$

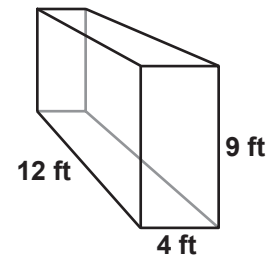
2



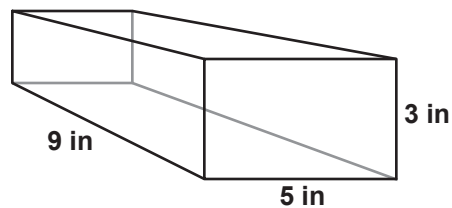
3



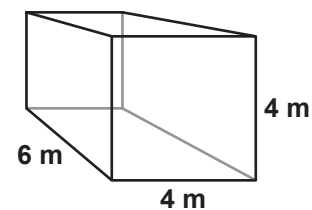
4



5



6

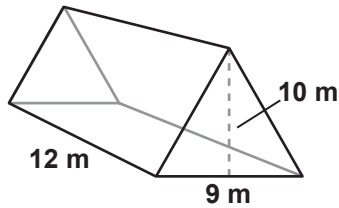


Finding the Volume of Triangular Prisms

G-VOL 2

Instructions: Find the volume of each triangular prism by multiplying the area of the 'base' times the length the base has been extended. (Don't forget about the units!)

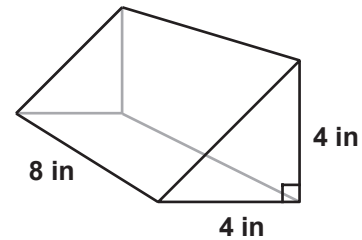
1



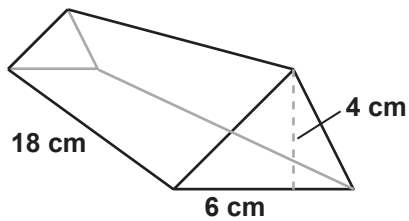
$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (9 \times 10) = \frac{90}{2} = 45 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 45 \text{ m}^2 \times 12 \text{ m} = 540 \text{ m}^3$$

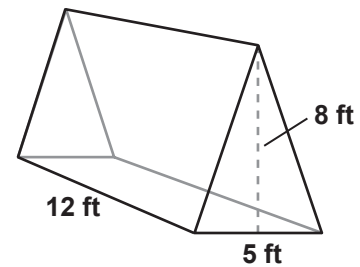
2



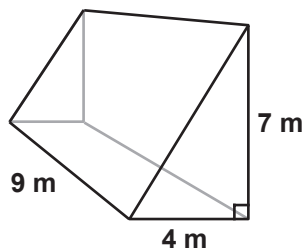
3



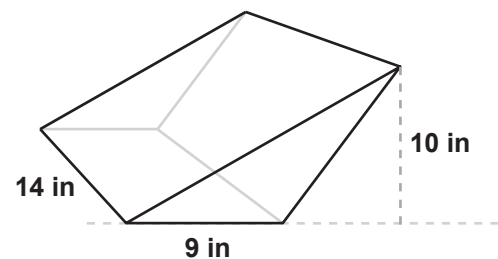
4



5



6

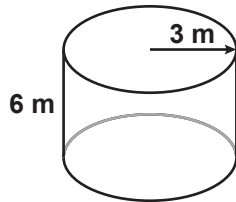


Finding the Volume of Cylinders

G-VOL 3

Instructions: Find the volume of each cylinder by multiplying the area of the 'base' times the length the base has been extended. (Use 3.14 for Pi and don't forget about the units!)

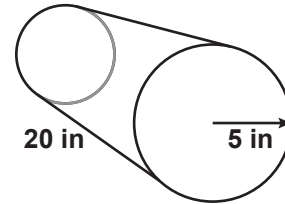
1



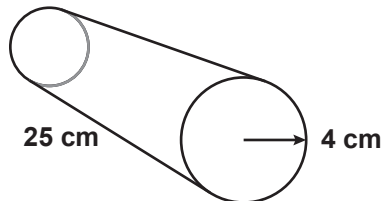
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (3 \text{ m})^2 = 3.14 \times 9 \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 28.26 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 28.26 \text{ m}^2 \times 6 \text{ m} = 169.56 \text{ m}^3$$

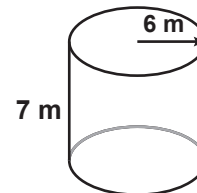
2



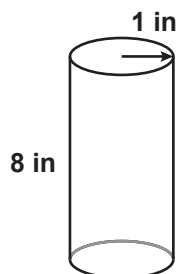
3



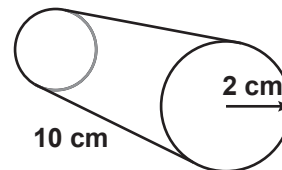
4



5



6



Finding the Volume of Spheres and Cones - Set 1

G-VOL 4

Instructions: Find the volume of each sphere or cone using the formulas given. (Use 3.14 for Pi, round answers to two decimal places, and don't forget about the units!)

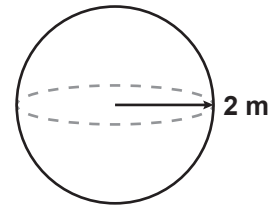
Formula for a Sphere

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$$

Formula for a Cone

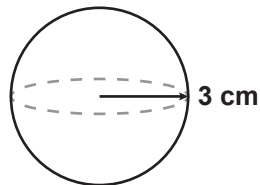
$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times h \times \pi \times r^2$$

1

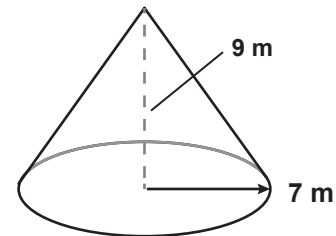


$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \text{ m}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 25.12 \text{ m}^3}{3} = 33.49 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

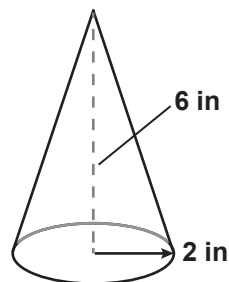
2



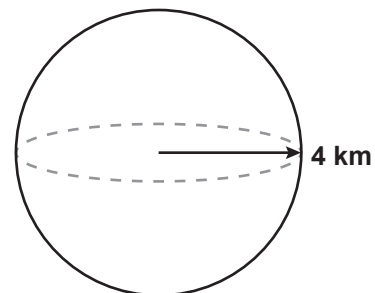
3



4



5



Finding the Volume of Spheres and Cones - Set 2

G-VOL 5

Instructions: Find the volume of each sphere or cone using the formulas given. (Use 3.14 for Pi, round answers to two decimal places, and don't forget about the units!)

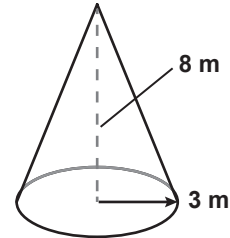
Formula for a Sphere

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$$

Formula for a Cone

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times h \times \pi \times r^2$$

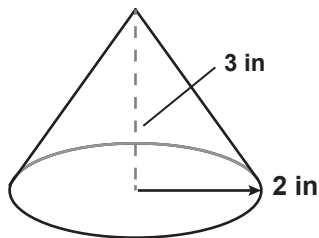
1



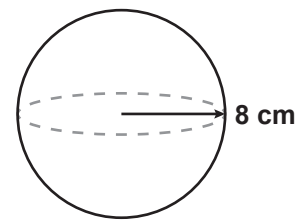
$$V = \frac{1}{3} \times 8 \text{ m} \times 3.14 \times (3 \times 3) \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 2.67 \text{ m} \times 28.26 \text{ m}^2 = 75.45 \text{ m}^3$$

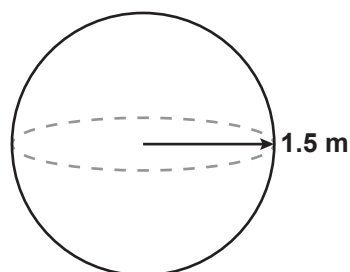
2



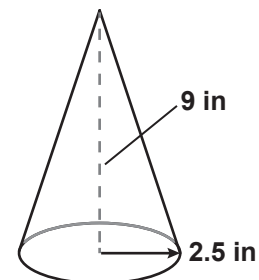
3



4

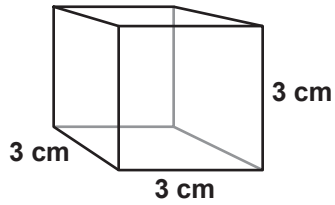


5

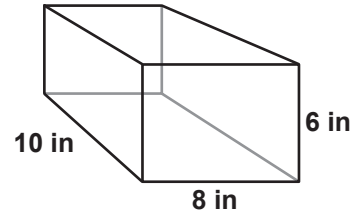


Volume

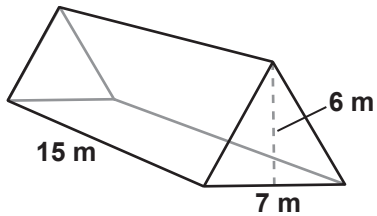
1 Find the volume of this cube.



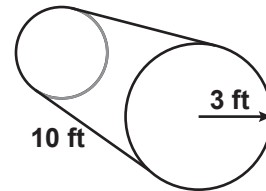
2 Find the volume of this rectangular prism.



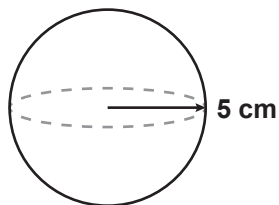
3 Find the volume of this triangular prism.



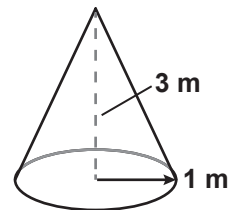
4 Find the volume of this cylinder.



5 Find the volume of this sphere.



6 Find the volume of this cone.

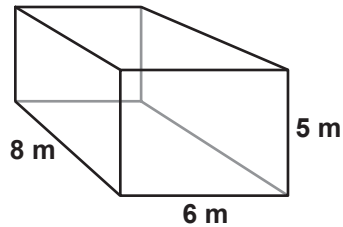


Finding the Volume of Rectangular Prisms

G-VOL 1

Instructions: Find the volume of each rectangular prism by multiplying the area of the 'base' times the length the base has been extended. (Don't forget about the units!)

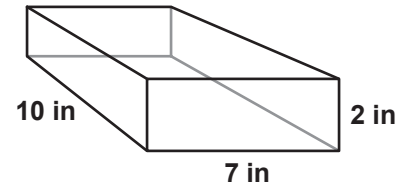
1



$$\text{Area of Base} = 5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 30 \text{ m}^2 \times 8 \text{ m} = 240 \text{ m}^3$$

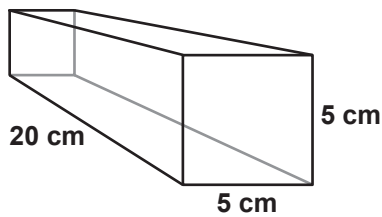
2



$$\text{Area of Base} = 2 \times 7 = 14 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 14 \text{ in}^2 \times 10 \text{ in} = 140 \text{ in}^3$$

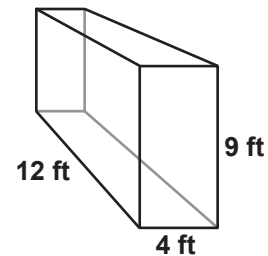
3



$$\text{Area of Base} = 5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 25 \text{ cm}^2 \times 20 \text{ cm} = 500 \text{ cm}^3$$

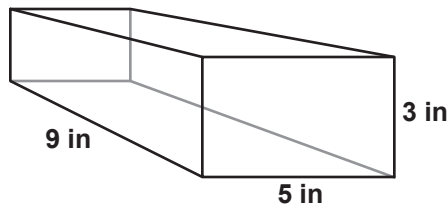
4



$$\text{Area of Base} = 9 \times 4 = 36 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 36 \text{ ft}^2 \times 12 \text{ ft} = 432 \text{ ft}^3$$

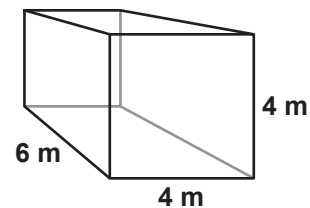
5



$$\text{Area of Base} = 3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 15 \text{ in}^2 \times 9 \text{ in} = 135 \text{ in}^3$$

6



$$\text{Area of Base} = 4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ m}^2$$

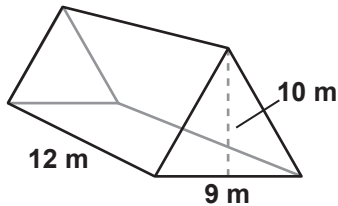
$$\text{Volume} = 16 \text{ m}^2 \times 6 \text{ m} = 96 \text{ m}^3$$

Finding the Volume of Triangular Prisms

G-VOL 2

Instructions: Find the volume of each triangular prism by multiplying the area of the 'base' times the length the base has been extended. (Don't forget about the units!)

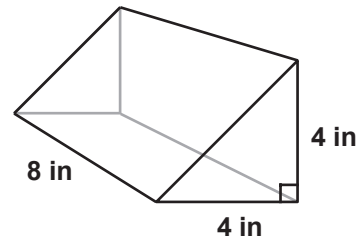
1



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (9 \times 10) = \frac{90}{2} = 45 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 45 \text{ m}^2 \times 12 \text{ m} = 540 \text{ m}^3$$

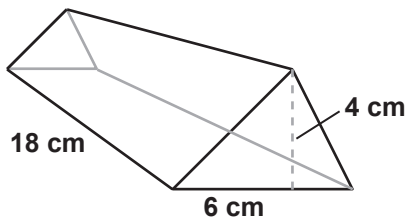
2



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (4 \times 4) = \frac{16}{2} = 8 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 8 \text{ in}^2 \times 8 \text{ in} = 64 \text{ in}^3$$

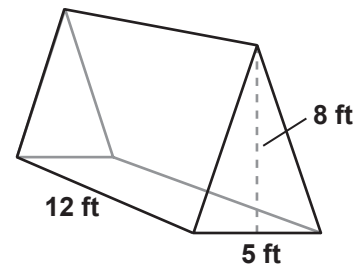
3



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (6 \times 4) = \frac{24}{2} = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 12 \text{ cm}^2 \times 18 \text{ cm} = 216 \text{ cm}^3$$

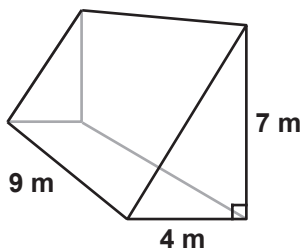
4



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (5 \times 8) = \frac{40}{2} = 20 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 20 \text{ ft}^2 \times 12 \text{ ft} = 240 \text{ ft}^3$$

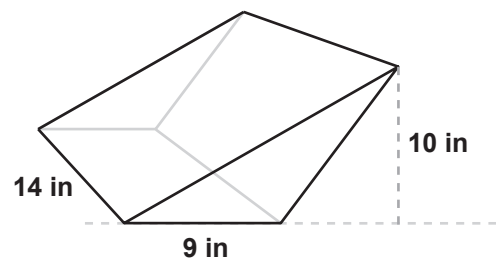
5



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (4 \times 7) = \frac{28}{2} = 14 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 14 \text{ m}^2 \times 9 \text{ m} = 126 \text{ m}^3$$

6



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (9 \times 10) = \frac{90}{2} = 45 \text{ in}^2$$

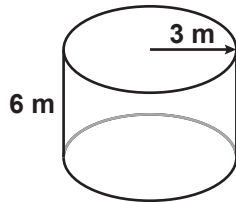
$$\text{Volume} = 45 \text{ in}^2 \times 14 \text{ in} = 630 \text{ in}^3$$

Finding the Volume of Cylinders

G-VOL 3

Instructions: Find the volume of each cylinder by multiplying the area of the 'base' times the length the base has been extended. (Use 3.14 for Pi and don't forget about the units!)

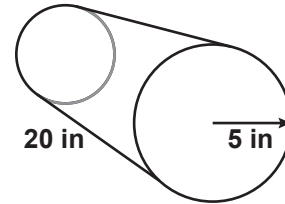
1



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (3 \text{ m})^2 = 3.14 \times 9 \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 28.26 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 28.26 \text{ m}^2 \times 6 \text{ m} = 169.56 \text{ m}^3$$

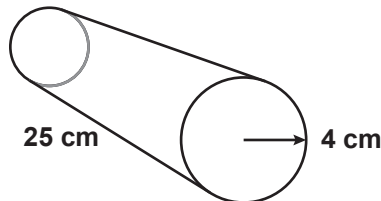
2



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (5 \text{ in})^2 = 3.14 \times 25 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 78.5 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 78.5 \text{ in}^2 \times 20 \text{ in} = 1,570 \text{ in}^3$$

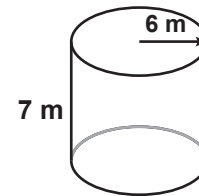
3



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (4 \text{ cm})^2 = 3.14 \times 16 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 50.24 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 50.24 \text{ cm}^2 \times 25 \text{ cm} = 1,256 \text{ cm}^3$$

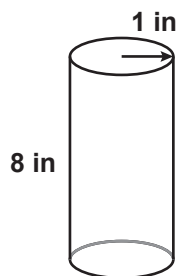
4



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (6 \text{ m})^2 = 3.14 \times 36 \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 113.04 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 113.04 \text{ m}^2 \times 7 \text{ m} = 791.28 \text{ m}^3$$

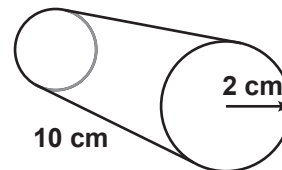
5



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (1 \text{ in})^2 = 3.14 \times 1 \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 3.14 \text{ in}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 3.14 \text{ in}^2 \times 8 \text{ in} = 25.12 \text{ in}^3$$

6



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Base} &= \pi \times (2 \text{ cm})^2 = 3.14 \times 4 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 12.56 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$V = 12.56 \text{ cm}^2 \times 10 \text{ cm} = 125.6 \text{ cm}^3$$

Finding the Volume of Spheres and Cones - Set 1

G-VOL 4

Instructions: Find the volume of each sphere or cone using the formulas given. (Use 3.14 for Pi, round answers to two decimal places, and don't forget about the units!)

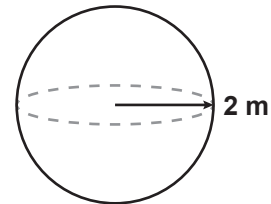
Formula for a Sphere

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$$

Formula for a Cone

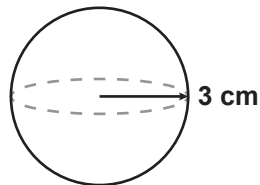
$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times h \times \pi \times r^2$$

1



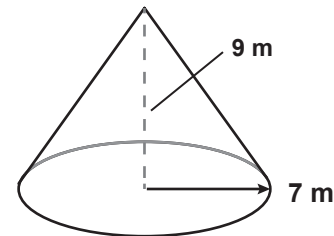
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \text{ m}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 25.12 \text{ m}^3}{3} = 33.49 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

2



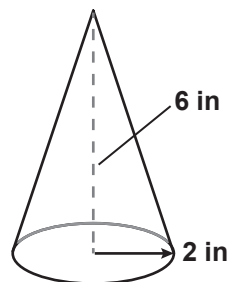
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (3 \times 3 \times 3) \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 84.78 \text{ cm}^3}{3} = 113.04 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

3



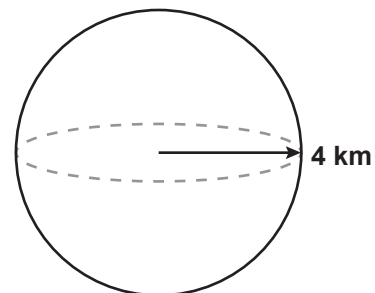
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \times 9 \text{ m} \times 3.14 \times (7 \times 7) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 3 \text{ m} \times 153.86 \text{ m}^2 = 461.58 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

4



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \text{ in} \times 3.14 \times (2 \times 2) \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 2 \text{ in} \times 12.56 \text{ in}^2 = 25.12 \text{ in}^3 \end{aligned}$$

5



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (4 \times 4 \times 4) \text{ km}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 200.96 \text{ km}^3}{3} = 267.95 \text{ km}^3 \end{aligned}$$

Finding the Volume of Spheres and Cones - Set 2

G-VOL 5

Instructions: Find the volume of each sphere or cone using the formulas given. (Use 3.14 for Pi, round answers to two decimal places, and don't forget about the units!)

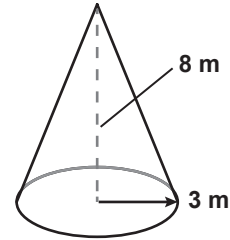
Formula for a Sphere

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3$$

Formula for a Cone

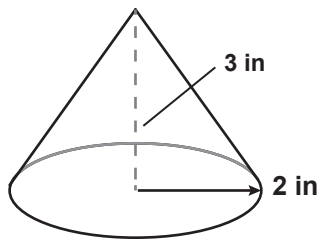
$$\text{Volume} = \frac{1}{3} \times h \times \pi \times r^2$$

1



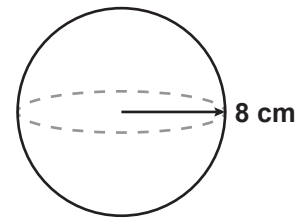
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \times 8 \text{ m} \times 3.14 \times (3 \times 3) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 2.67 \text{ m} \times 28.26 \text{ m}^2 = \mathbf{75.45 \text{ m}^3} \end{aligned}$$

2



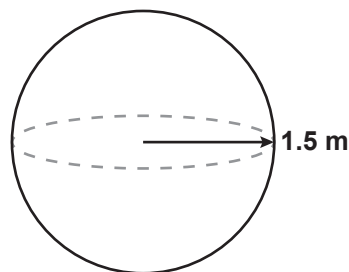
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \times 3 \text{ in} \times 3.14 \times (2 \times 2) \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 1 \text{ in} \times 12.56 \text{ in}^2 = \mathbf{12.56 \text{ in}^3} \end{aligned}$$

3



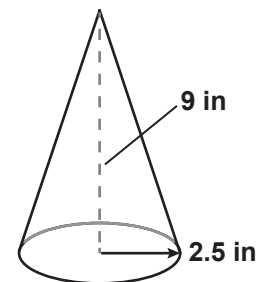
$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (8 \times 8 \times 8) \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 1607.68 \text{ cm}^3}{3} = \mathbf{2,143.57 \text{ cm}^3} \end{aligned}$$

4



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (1.5 \times 1.5 \times 1.5) \text{ m}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 10.598 \text{ m}^3}{3} = \mathbf{14.13 \text{ m}^3} \end{aligned}$$

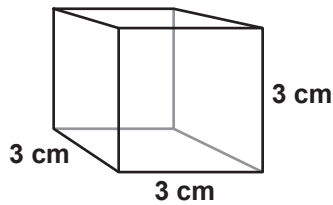
5



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3} \times 9 \text{ in} \times 3.14 \times (2.5 \times 2.5) \text{ in}^2 \\ &= 3 \text{ in} \times 19.625 \text{ in}^2 = \mathbf{58.88 \text{ in}^3} \end{aligned}$$

Volume

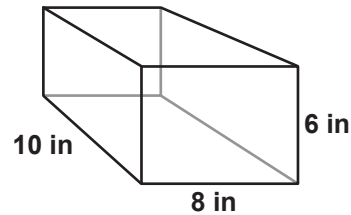
- 1 Find the volume of this cube.



$$\text{Area of Base} = 3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 9 \text{ cm}^2 \times 3 \text{ cm} = 27 \text{ cm}^3$$

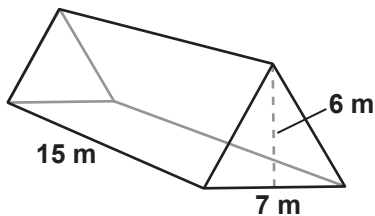
- 2 Find the volume of this rectangular prism.



$$\text{Area of Base} = 6 \times 8 = 48 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 48 \text{ in}^2 \times 10 \text{ in} = 480 \text{ in}^3$$

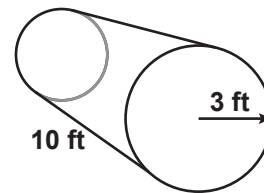
- 3 Find the volume of this triangular prism.



$$\text{Area of Base} = \frac{1}{2} (6 \times 7) = \frac{42}{2} = 21 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 21 \text{ m}^2 \times 15 \text{ m} = 315 \text{ m}^3$$

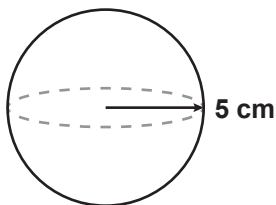
- 4 Find the volume of this cylinder.



$$\text{Area of Base} = \pi \times (3 \text{ ft})^2 = 3.14 \times 9 \text{ ft}^2 = 28.26 \text{ ft}^2$$

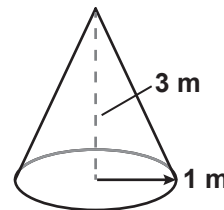
$$\text{Volume} = 28.26 \text{ ft}^2 \times 10 \text{ ft} = 282.6 \text{ ft}^3$$

- 5 Find the volume of this sphere.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times r^3 \\ &= \frac{4}{3} \times 3.14 \times (5 \times 5 \times 5) \text{ cm}^3 \\ &= \frac{4 \times 392.5}{3} = 523.33 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

- 6 Find the volume of this cone.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= \frac{1}{3} \times h \times \pi \times r^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \times 3 \text{ m} \times 3.14 \times (1 \times 1) \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 1 \text{ m} \times 3.14 \text{ m}^2 = 3.14 \text{ m}^3 \end{aligned}$$